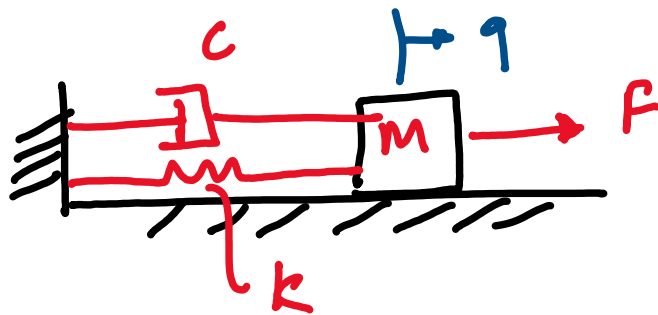


Simple system with equations similar to a manipulator

$$M(q) \ddot{q} + C(q, \dot{q}) \dot{q} + G(q) = \tau$$

$$\boxed{m \ddot{q} + c \dot{q} + kq = F} \quad (\text{spring mass damper})$$



lets assume  $F = 0$  (free vibration)

$$\ddot{q} + \frac{c}{m} \dot{q} + \frac{k}{m} q = 0$$

$$\boxed{\omega_n = \sqrt{\frac{k}{m}}}$$

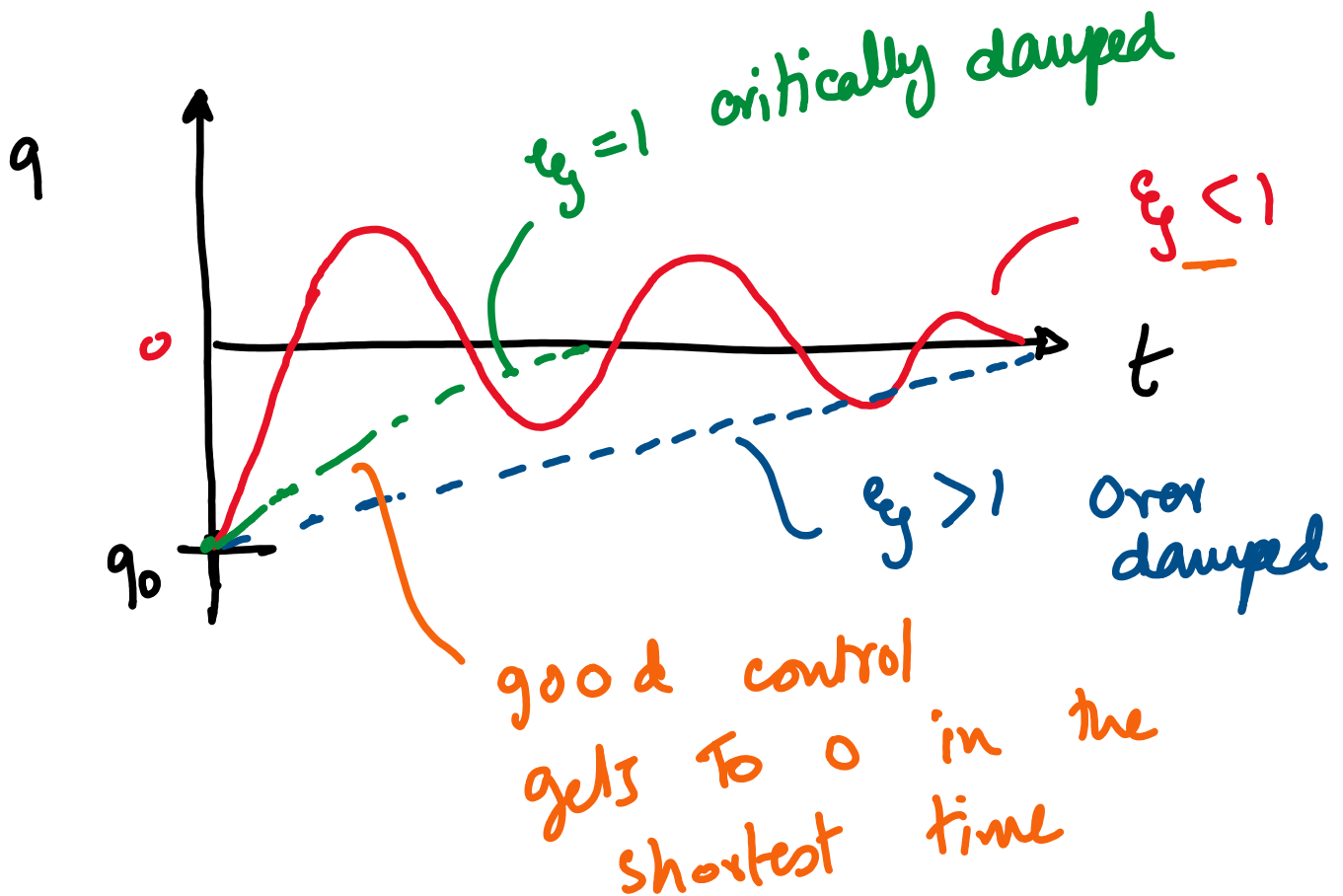
$$2 \zeta \omega_n = \frac{c}{m}$$

↑  
 $\zeta$

$$\boxed{\zeta = \frac{c}{2\sqrt{km}}}$$

3 cases

- ①  $\zeta > 1$        $c > 2\sqrt{km}$       Overdamped
- ②  $\zeta = 1$        $c = 2\sqrt{km}$       Critically damped
- ③  $\zeta < 1$        $c < 2\sqrt{km}$       Under-damped



$$m\ddot{q} + c\dot{q} + kq = F \quad - (1)$$

Design  $F$  such that the system is critically damped.

$$\text{Assume } F = -k_p q - k_d \dot{q} \quad - (2)$$

proportional - derivative control

Substitute (2) in (1)

$$m\ddot{q} + c\dot{q} + kq = -k_p q - k_d \dot{q}$$

$$m\ddot{q} + (c + k_d)\dot{q} + (k + k_p)q = 0$$

Choose  $k_p, k_d$  such that the system is critically damped

free vibrations

$$(c + k_d) = 2\sqrt{(k + k_p)m}$$

2 constants and 1 equation.  
Fix one & use the equation to compute the second one

Fix  $k_p$ , solve for  $k_d$

$$k_d = -c + 2 \sqrt{(k+k_p)m}$$

system will be  
critically damped.

See python file in the folder  
1\_simple\_control\_partitioning